

Financial Statements

The Confederation College of Applied Arts and Technology

March 31, 2019



Independent Auditor's Report

Grant Thornton LLP Suite 300 979 Alloy Drive Thunder Bay, ON P7B 5Z8

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To the Board of Governors of The Confederation College of Applied Arts and Technology

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Confederation College of Applied Arts & Technology ("the College"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2019, and the statements of operations, change in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Confederation College of Applied Arts & Technology as at March 31, 2019, and its results of operations, its changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the College in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the College's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to a going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the College or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the College's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud
 may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the College's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the College's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the College to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Thunder Bay, Canada June 10, 2019 Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Chartered Accountants

grant Thornton LLP

The Confederation College of Applied Arts and Technology Statement of Financial Position

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As at	M	arch 31, 2019	March 31, 2018			
Assets						
Current						
Cash	\$	36,154,220	\$	24,804,616		
Accounts receivable (Note 3)		7,271,211		5,110,095		
Inventory		883,536		785,270		
Current portion of notes and long-term receivable (Note 4)		454,409		261,623		
Grants receivable		959,422		893,188		
Prepaid expenses		509,746		361,584		
		46,232,544		32,216,376		
Investment portfolio - endowments restricted (Note 5)		9,419,568		9,067,465		
Notes and long-term receivable (Note 4)		6,686,218		7,587,975		
Construction in progress (Note 6)		2,242,704		15,534,939		
Capital assets (Note 7)		77,415,749		52,128,699		
	\$	141,996,783	\$	116,535,454		
Liabilities						
Current						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 8)	\$	• •	\$	10,832,715		
Deferred revenue (Note 9)		5,662,539		10,362,511		
Vacation pay		3,365,285		3,107,196		
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 10)		629,762		979,635		
		23,709,982		25,282,057		
Post-employment benefits and compensated absences (Note 11)		2,339,000		2,344,000		
Deferred capital contributions (Note 12)		70,442,906		46,375,916		
Deferred capital contributions - construction in progress (Note 12)		577,653		15,201,523		
Long-term debt (Note 10)		10,122,900		10,532,113		
		107,192,441		99,735,609		
Net Assets						
Unrestricted		= 0.40 ==4		F 407 400		
Operating	\$	5,842,551	\$	5,487,199		
Post-employment benefits and compensated absences		(2,339,000)		(2,344,000)		
Vacation Pay		(3,365,285)		(3,107,196)		
		138,266		36,003		
Invested in capital assets (Note 13)		5,305,128		2,655,310		
Internally and externally restricted (Note 14)		20,124,840		5,227,748		
Endowments restricted (Note 15)		9,236,108		8,880,785		
		34,666,076		16,763,843		
		34,804,342		16,799,846		
	\$	141,996,783	\$			
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or behalf) of the Board:

Chair, Board of Governors

The Confederation College of Applied Arts and Technology Statement of Operations

For the year ended March 31	2019	 2018
Revenue		
Post Secondary Grants	\$ 40,166,684	\$ 31,682,100
Other Provincial Grants	11,240,244	11,749,734
Tuition Fees - Domestic	10,158,946	7,756,984
Other Student Fees	3,776,380	3,611,762
Tuition Fees - International	18,361,151	8,329,430
Contracts and Programs	9,340,122	5,197,815
Ancillary Operations	3,242,470	3,000,536
Amortization of deferred capital contributions (Note 12)	4,999,320	2,990,197
Other Revenue	3,396,694	1,331,840
	104,682,011	75,650,398
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Expenses		
Full-time Salaries and Benefits	\$ 39,997,604	\$ 37,202,292
Part-Time Salaries and Benefits	13,597,374	9,048,633
Restructuring Costs	771,918	14,859
Plant and Property Maintenance	3,419,561	3,189,624
Contract Services	11,041,480	7,851,125
Furniture & Equipment	432,614	835,580
Miscellaneous	1,110,928	1,285,811
Office and Instructional Supplies	6,279,215	5,791,157
Professional Dues & Audit Fees	809,677	715,509
Scholarships and Tuition Set-Aside	996,882	1,027,420
Telecommunications & Software	1,358,869	1,479,999
Travel and Professional Development	943,435	2,030,210
Depreciation	6,139,707	3,755,343
	86,899,264	74,227,562
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 17,782,747	\$ 1,422,836

The Confederation College of Applied Arts and Technology Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended March 31						2019	2018
	,	Unrestricted	Capital	Internally and Externally Restricted	Endowments Restricted	Total	Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$	36,003	\$ 2,655,310	\$ 5,227,748	\$ 8,880,785	\$ 5,227,748 \$ 8,880,785 \$ 16,799,846 \$ 14,968,315	\$ 14,968,315
Change in endowments during the year (Note 15)		ı	1	•	355,323	355,323	131,240
Change in internally and externally restricted net assets (Note 14)		ı	1	(182,908)	1	(182,908)	277,455
Excess of revenue over expenses		17,782,747	ı	t	•	17,782,747	1,422,836
Transfer from unrestricted to internally restricted		(15,080,000)	1	15,080,000	•	•	•
Investment in capital assets (Note 13)		(2,600,484)	2,649,818	•	1	49,334	
Balance, end of year	↔	138,266	\$ 5,305,128	\$ 20,124,840	\$ 20,124,840 \$ 9,236,108	\$ 34,804,342 \$ 16,799,846	\$ 16,799,846

The Confederation College of Applied Arts and Technology Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31	2019	2018
Net inflow (outflow) of cash related		
to the following		
Operating		
•	17,782,747 \$	1,422,836
Items not involving cash:	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1, 122,000
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(4,999,320)	(2,990,197)
Depreciation of capital assets	6,139,707	3,755,343
Change in post-employment benefits	32,000	(74,000)
Change in accrued sick leave liability	(37,000)	(79,000)
	18,918,134	2,034,982
Change in non-cash working capital balances (Note 18)	(3,646,645)	10,903,235
	15,271,489	12,938,217
Financing		
Long-term debt advances	_	5,030,939
Repayment of long-term debt	(759,086)	(368,483)
	(759,086)	4,662,456
Capital		
Deferred capital contributions	14,442,440	14,611,826
Construction in progress	13,292,235	(14,816,076)
Purchase of capital assets	(31,426,757)	(6,590,548)
	(3,692,082)	(6,794,800)
Investing		•
(Increase) decrease in notes and long-term loans receivable	708,971	(27,081)
(Increase) in investment portfolio - Endowment Rest.	(352,103)	(147,336)
Increase (decrease) in restricted assets	(182,908)	277,455
Increase in endowments, net awards	355,323	131,240
	529,283	234,278
Net cash inflow for the year	11,349,604	11,040,153
Cash, Beginning of year	24,804,616	13,764,463
Cash, End of year	36,154,220	24,804,616

March 31, 2019

1. Significant Accounting Policies

Description of Organization

The Confederation College of Applied Arts and Technology, established in 1967, is an Ontario college of applied arts and technology duly established pursuant to Ontario regulation 34/03 made under the Ontario Colleges of Applied Arts and Technology Act, 2002. The College is an agency of the Crown and offers a full range of programs and educational services including full-time post-secondary programs, part-time credit and non-credit courses, specialty programs for business and industry, pre-employment and skills training programs, apprenticeship and cooperative/workplace training programs.

The College is a not-for-profit organization and, as such, is exempt from income taxes under Section 149 of the Income Tax Act (Canada).

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the College have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations, including the 4200 series of standards, as issued by the Public Sector Accounting Board ("PSAB for Government NPOs").

Revenue Recognition

The College follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions, which include donations and government grants.

Tuition fees and contract training revenues are recognized as income to the extent that the related courses and services are provided within the fiscal year of the College.

Operating grants from the Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities and other government agencies are recorded as revenue in the year to which they relate. Grants approved but not received at the end of the fiscal year are accrued. Where a portion of a grant relates to a future year it is deferred and recognized in the subsequent year.

Ancillary revenues including parking, bookstore, residence and other sundry revenue are recognized when products are delivered or services are provided to the student or client, the sales price is fixed and determinable, and collection is reasonably assured.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Externally restricted contributions and restricted investment income are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.

Capital grants and restricted contributions for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related capital assets.

Endowment contributions and investment earnings are recognized as direct increases in endowed net assets.

March 31, 2019

Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash is defined as cash and short-term investments with maturity dates of less than 90 days.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis.

Capital Assets

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense. Betterments that extend the estimated life of an asset are capitalized. When a capital asset no longer contributes to the College's ability to provide services or the value of future economic benefits associated with the capital asset is less than book value, the carrying value of the capital asset is reduced to reflect the decline in the asset's value.

Capital assets are capitalized on acquisition and amortized on a straight-line basis over their useful lives, which have been estimated to be as follows:

Buildings	-	40 years
Major equipment	-	10 years
Leasehold improvements	-	10 years
Site improvements	٠.	5 years
Furniture and equipment	-	5 years
Library books	-	5 years

Construction in progress relates to capital projects that are incomplete and not in service as at March 31, 2019. Amortization will commence upon substantial completion at the applicable rates noted above.

Employment Benefits and Compensated **Benefits**

Retirement and Post- The College provides defined retirement and post employment benefits and compensated absences to certain employee groups. These benefits include pension, health and dental, vesting sick leave and non-vesting sick leave. The College has adopted the following policies with respect to accounting for these employee benefits:

> The cost of post-employment future benefits are actuarially determined using management's best estimate of health care costs, disability recovery rates and discount rates. Adjustments to these costs arising from changes in estimates and experience gains and losses are amortized to income over the estimated average remaining service life of the employee groups on a straight-line basis.

March 31, 2019

1. Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Retirement and Post-Employment Benefits and Compensated Benefits (Cont'd)

- (ii) The costs of the multi-employer defined benefit pension are the employer's contributions due to the plan in the period.
- (iii) The cost of vesting and non-vesting sick leave benefits are actuarially determined using management's best estimate of salary escalation, employees' use of entitlement and discount rates. Adjustments to these costs arising from changes in actuarial assumption and/or experience are recognized over the estimated average remaining service life of the employees.
- (iv) The discount rate used in the determination of the above-mentioned liabilities is equal to the College's internal rate of borrowing.

Financial Instruments

The College classifies its financial instruments at either fair value or amortized cost. The College's accounting policy for each category is as follows:

Fair Value

This category includes cash and equity instruments quoted in an active market. The College has designated its bond portfolio that would otherwise be classified into the amortized cost category at fair value as the College manages and reports performance of it on a fair value basis.

Equity instruments and bonds are initially recognized at cost and subsequently carried at fair value. Unrealized changes in fair value for unrestricted investments are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses until they are realized, when they are transferred to the statement of operations. Changes in fair value on restricted investments are recognized as increases/decreases in the endowments restricted fund.

Transaction costs related to financial instruments in the fair value category are expensed as incurred.

Where a decline in fair value is determined to be other than temporary, the amount of the loss is removed from accumulated remeasurement gains and losses and recognized in the statement of operations. On sale, the amount held in accumulated remeasurement gains and losses associated with that instrument is removed from net assets and recognized in the statement of operations.

March 31, 2019

1. Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Amortized Costs

This category includes accounts receivable, notes and long-term receivable, grants receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, long-term debt and vacation pay. They are initially recognized at cost and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses on financial assets.

Transaction costs related to financial instruments in the amortized cost category are added to the carrying value of the instrument.

Writedowns on financial assets in the amortized cost category are recognized when the amount of a loss is known with sufficient precision and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. Financial assets are then written down to net recoverable value with the writedown being recognized in the statement of operations.

Liability for

A contaminated site is a site at which substances occur in concentrations that exceed the maximum Contaminated Sites acceptable amounts under an environmental standard. Sites that are currently in productive use are only considered a contaminated site if an unexpected event results in contamination. A liability for remediation of contaminated sites is recognized when the College is directly responsible or accepts responsibility; it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made. The liability includes all costs directly attributable to remediation activities including post remediation operations, maintenance and monitoring. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries.

Management **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with PSAB for Government NPOs requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Areas of key estimation include determination of fair value for long-term investments, allowance for doubtful accounts, amortization of capital assets and actuarial estimation of post-employment benefits and compensated absences liabilities.

March 31, 2019

2. Financial Instrument Classification

The following table provides cost and fair value information of financial instruments by category. The maximum exposure to credit risk would be the carrying value as shown below.

			2019	
		Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Total
Cash	<u> </u>	36,154,220	\$ -	\$ 36,154,220
Accounts receivable		-	7,271,211	7,271,211
Investment portfolio		9,419,568	-	9,419,568
Notes and long-term receivable		-	7,140,627	7,140,627
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		, -	14,052,396	14,052,396
Long-term debt			10,752,662	10,752,662
	\$	45,573,788	\$ 39,216,896	\$ 84,790,684
			 2018	
		Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Total
Cash	\$	24,804,616	\$	\$ 24,804,616
Accounts receivable		· · · · · -	5,110,095	5,110,095
Investment portfolio		9,067,465	•	9,067,465
Notes and long-term receivable		-	7,849,599	7,849,599
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		-	10,832,715	10,832,715
Long-term debt			11,511,748	11,511,748
	\$	33,872,081	\$ 35,304,157	\$ 69,176,238

The College's bank accounts are held at one chartered bank and as a result are exposed to the credit risk arising from this concentration to the extent that the account balances exceed the federally insured limits. The bank accounts earn interest at prime less 1.75% (2.2% at March 31, 2019).

The College's credit facilities include an approved operating line of credit with the Royal Bank of \$1,500,000 with interest at bank prime less 0.6% (3.35% at March 31, 2019). At year end the outstanding balance under this credit facility agreement was \$nil (2018 - \$nil).

In addition, the College, has an approved revolving credit facility with the Royal Bank in the amount of \$1,650,000. Of this amount, \$138,884 (2018 - \$355,022) was outstanding with respect to the Royal Bank loans described in Note 10.

The College also has total approved financing with the Ontario Financing Authority in the amount of \$13,335,844. Of this amount, \$10,613,778 (2018 - \$11,156,727) was outstanding as described in Note 10. Of the approved amount, \$7.1 million is repayable by SUCCI (Student Union of Confederation College Inc.).

March 31, 2019

2. Financial Instrument Classification (cont'd)

Included in the investment portfolio are Canadian Bonds with a maturity profile as indicated below.

				2019				
	Within 1 y	ear S.	2 to 5 years	6 to 10 years	Over 10 years		Total	
Carrying Value: Bonds		626,271	2,090,645	102,446	195,704		3,015,066	
Total	\$	626,271	\$ 2,090,645	\$ 102,446	\$ 195,704	\$	3,015,066	
Percent of total		21%	69%	3%	6%			
	2018							
	Within 1 y	ear	2 to 5 years	6 to 10 years	Over 10 years		Total	
Carrying Value: Bonds		224,050	2,254,098	317,116	194,948		2,990,212	
Total	\$	224,050	\$ 2,254,098	\$ 317,116	\$ 194,948	\$	2,990,212	
Percent of total		7%	75%	11%	. 7%			

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured at fair value subsequent to initial recognition, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities using the last bid price;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

March 31, 2019

2. Financial Instrument Classification (cont'd)

		2019		
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Total
\$ 36,154,220 6,404,502	\$ - 3,015,066	\$	- \$	36,154,220 9,419,568
\$ 42,558,722	\$ 3,015,066	\$	- \$	45,573,788
		2018		
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Total
\$ 24,804,614 6,077,253	\$ - 2,990,212	\$	- \$	24,804,614 9,067,465
\$ 30,881,867	\$ 2,990,212	\$	- \$	33,872,079
	\$ 36,154,220 6,404,502 \$ 42,558,722 Level 1 \$ 24,804,614 6,077,253	\$ 36,154,220 \$ - 6,404,502 3,015,066 \$ 42,558,722 \$ 3,015,066 Level 1 Level 2 \$ 24,804,614 \$ - 6,077,253 2,990,212	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 \$ 36,154,220 \$ - \$ 6,404,502 3,015,066 \$ 42,558,722 \$ 3,015,066 \$ Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 \$ 24,804,614 \$ - \$ 6,077,253 2,990,212	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 \$ 36,154,220 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 6,404,502 3,015,066 - \$ \$ 42,558,722 \$ 3,015,066 \$ - \$ Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 \$ 24,804,614 \$ - \$ - \$ 6,077,253 2,990,212 - \$

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018. There were also no transfers in or out of Level 3.

3. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are comprised of balances receivable from students, Sponsoring agencies and Corporate clients for contract training. Credit risk is mitigated to some extent by requiring that payment be received before a student is allowed to register, unless they have certain pre-qualified conditions, such as funding through the Ontario Student Assistance Program, sponsorship funding, or split-fee tuition fee option.

	2019	2018
Students and sponsors General	\$ 795,573 6,475,638	\$ 882,240 4,227,855
	\$ 7,271,211	\$ 5,110,095

2018

The Confederation College of Applied Arts and Technology Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2019

4. Notes and Long-term Receivable

In April 2016, the Student Union of Confederation College Inc (SUCCI) entered into a funding and contribution agreement with the College to finance a contribution towards the new Wellness Centre. Amounts are to be paid to the College until the SUCCI contribution of \$8.5 million, together with the deemed Ontario Financing Authority (OFA); Interest rate thereon per annum, is paid in full. The OFA debt is repayable over the next 25 years, and bears a fixed interest rate of 2.969% (Note 10). The current portion of the long-term receivable represents the principal loan payments due within one year.

	2019			2018		
General SUCCI Student Levy Receivable	\$	34,341 7,106,286	\$	82,715 7,766,884		
Total Current Portion		7,140,627 454,409		7,849,599 261,623		
	\$	6,686,218	\$	7,587,976		

5. Investment Portfolio - Endowments Restricted

The College's investment portfolio is comprised of a number of different securities carrying a variety of terms and conditions. Investments consist of the following:

		20.7		20.0
	 Market	Cost	Market	Cost
Endowed				
Canadian equities	\$ 2,376,257	\$ 1,752,314	\$ 2,180,217	\$ 1,661,306
Canadian fixed income	4,507,411	4,793,446	4,508,939	4,652,924
Foreign equities	1,957,369	1,356,632	1,665,145	1,139,174
Foreign fixed income Cash and equivalents	467,984	503,764	477,504	495,280
account	110,547	110,547	235,660	235,660
	\$ 9,419,568	\$ 8,516,703	\$ 9,067,465	\$ 8,184,344
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

2019

The cash and equivalents account does not earn interest. Canadian and foreign bonds are comprised of a number of different bonds, with maturity dates ranging from 2019 to 2077, and yield an average of 4.73% (2018 - 2.64%) over the term of the investments.

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2019

6. Construction in Progress	2019	2018
TEC Hub Sioux Lookout Campus Greenhouse Gas Reduction Program	\$ 2,242,704 -	\$ 14,433,828 895,584 205,527
	\$ 2,242,704	\$ 15,534,939

7. Capital Assets

,		2019			2018		
		Cost		Accumulated Amortization	Cost		Accumulated Amortization
Land	 \$	295,057	\$	-	\$ 295,057	\$	-
Site improvements		2,014,986		2,014,986	2,014,986		2,014,986
Buildings		108,780,157		45,420,351	89,804,471		43,090,180
Bridge		2,044,936		81,797			
Leasehold improvements		333,188		333,188	333,188		333,188
Furniture and equipment		88,477,865		76,881,590	81,902,586		76,798,123
Library books		20,000		20,000	20,000	-	20,000
Major equipment		4,169,012		3,967,540	5,147,107		5,132,219
	\$	206,135,201	\$	128,719,452	\$ 179,517,395	\$	127,388,696
Capital Assets Net book va	lue		\$	77,415,749		\$	52,128,699

Notes to Financial Statements

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Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		2019	2018
Trade	\$	11,601,417 \$	9,138,733
Accrued liabilities Accrued salaries and employees' deductions		389,311 2,061,668	418,094 1,275,888
	\$	14,052,396 \$	10,832,715
Deferred Revenue		2040	2018
Ontaria Ministry of Training Callages and Universities	. ——	2019	2018
Ontario Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities Aboriginal Educational and Training Strategy	\$	39,390 \$	39,390
Apprentice training	ş	67,655	67,65
Campus safety		54,127	15,26
Capital Campaign TEC Hub		63,937	1,487,56
Collaborative nursing		528,919	403,43
Employment programs		205,558	98,04
Other MTCU		2,011,255	601,29
Ontario MTCU bursaries		101,116	249,07
Second career		496,920	538,87
Special needs and tutoring		6,385	, -
CODE SCWI		582,343	971,10
College service fee		190,095	137,00
Contract training		1,500	1,208,03
IT residence infrastructure		67,819	14,46
Miscellaneous contracts and projects		953,304	911,30
Post-secondary Tuition		24,178	3,449,09
Student IT fee		75,805	42,56
Student tech fee		192,233	128,34
	\$	5,662,539 \$	10,362,51

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2019

		2019	2018
Royal Bank Loan for Ryan Hall renovations, repayable	<u></u>		
at \$5,786 plus interest at prime -1% monthly			
(2.95% at year-end), due 2019	\$	138,884 \$	208,326
Ontario Financing Authority loan for Residence retrofit			
repayable at \$131,559 semi-annually including interest			
at 2.405%, due 2020		258,446	510,788
Royal Bank loan for site improvements			
repaid in year		-	84,88 9
Royal Bank loan for website development			
repaid in year		-	61,806
ntario Financing Authority loan for Wellness Centre repayable			
at \$303,132 semi-annually including interest at 2.969%			
due 2042		10,355,332	10,645,939
- Fotal		10,752,662	11,511,748
Current portion		629,762	979,635
	\$	10,122,900 \$	10,532,113

The scheduled principal amounts repayable within the next four years and thereafter are as follows:

Date	Amount
2020	\$ 629,762
2021	380,344
2022	319,360
2023	328,912
2024	338,750
Thereafter	8,755,534
	\$ 10,752,662

Of the approved amount of the OFA loan for the Wellness Centre, \$7.1 million is repayable by SUCCI (Student Union of Confederation College Inc.) (Note 4).

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2019

11. Post-employment Benefits and Compensated Absences Liability

The following tables outline the components of the College's post-employment benefits and compensated absences liabilities and the related expenses.

tiabitities and the retated exp	·C113C3.	•	-		20	019	
		-employee					
	В	Benefits	Non-ve	sting sick leave		Vesting sick leave	Total liability
Accrued employee future benefits obligations	\$	579,000	\$	1,529,000	\$	90,000	\$ 2,198,000
Value of plan assets		(104,000)		-		-	(104,000)
Unamortized actuarial gains		56,000		41,000		148,000	245,000
	\$	531,000	\$	1,570,000	\$	238,000	\$ 2,339,000
					20	018	
		-employee					
	B	Benefits	Non-ve	sting sick leave		Vesting sick leave	 Total liability
Accrued employee future							
benefits obligations	\$	554,000	\$	1,497,000	\$	109,000	\$ 2,160,000
Value of plan assets		(120,000)		-		-	(120,000)
Unamortized actuarial gains		65,000		91,000		148,000	304,000
	\$	499,000	\$	1,588,000	\$	257,000	\$ 2,344,000
					20	019	
	Post	-employee					
	B	Benefits	Non-ve	sting sick leave		Vesting sick leave	Total expense
Current year benefit cost Interest on accrued	\$	41,000	\$	78,000	\$	4,000	\$ 123,000
benefit obligation		2,000		39,000		3,000	44,000
Amortized actuarial (losses) gains		(6,000)		(6,000)			(12,000)
ganis	\$	37,000	\$	111,000	\$	7,000	\$ 155,000
		•			•	·	
					201	8	
		-employee					
		Benefits		sting sick leave		Vesting sick leave	Total expense
Current year benefit cost Interest on accrued	\$	(63,000)	\$	81,000	\$	4,000	\$ 22,000
benefit obligation		1,000		29,000		2,000	32,000
Amortized actuarial (losses)							
gains		(6,000)		(1,000)		19,000	12,000

Above amounts exclude pension contributions to the Colleges of Applied Arts and Technology pension plan, a multiemployer plan, described below.

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2019

11. Post-Employment Benefits and Compensated Absences Liability (cont'd.)

Retirement Benefits

CAAT Pension Plan

All full-time employees of the College, and any part-time employees who opt to participate, are members of the Colleges of Applied Arts and Technology Pension Plan (the "Plan"), a multi-employer jointly-sponsored defined benefit plan for public colleges in Ontario and other employers. The College makes contributions to the Plan equal to those of employees. Contribution rates are set by the Plan's governors to ensure the long-term viability of the Plan. Since the Plan is a multi-employer plan, the College's contributions are accounted for as if the plan were a defined contribution plan with the College's contributions being expensed in the period they come due.

Any pension surplus or deficit is a joint responsibility of the members and employers and may affect future contribution rates related to full-time members. The College does not recognize any share of the Plan's pension surplus or deficit as insufficient information is available to identify the College's share of the underlying pension assets and liabilities. The most recent actuarial valuation filed with pension regulators as at January 1, 2019 indicated an actuarial surplus of \$2.6 billion. The College made contributions to the Plan and its associated retirement compensation arrangement of \$4,336,853 (2018 - \$3,966,194), which has been included in the statement of operations.

Post-Employment Benefits

The College extends post employment life insurance, health and dental benefits to certain employee groups subsequent to their retirement. The College recognizes these benefits as they are earned during the employees' tenure of service. The related benefit liability was determined by an actuarial valuation study commissioned by the College Employer Council.

The major actuarial assumptions employed for the valuations are as follows:

a) Discount rate

The present value as at March 31, 2019 of the future benefits was determined using a discount rate of 2.20% (2018 - 2.60%)

b) Drug costs -

Drug costs were assumed to increase at a 8.0% rate for 2018 and decrease proportionately thereafter to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2040 (2018 - 4.0% in 2034).

c) Hospital and other medical

Hospital and other medical costs were assumed to increase at 4.0% per annum in 2019 (2018 - 4.0%). Medical premium increases were assumed to increase at 6.8% per annum in 2018 and decrease proportionately thereafter to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2040 (2018 - 4.0% in 2034).

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2019

11. Post-Employment Benefits and Compensated Absences Liability (Cont'd.)

Post-Employment Benefits (Cont'd)

d) Dental costs

Dental costs were assumed to increase at 4.0% per annum (2018 - 4.0%).

Compensated Absences

Vesting Sick Leave

The College has provided for vesting sick leave benefits during the year. Eligible employees, after 10 years of service, are entitled to receive payment for their accumulated sick days at 50% of their accumulated sick leave credit on termination or retirement to a maximum of 6 months' salary. The program to accumulate sick leave credits ceased for employees hired after March 31, 1991. The related benefit liability was determined by an actuarial valuation study commissioned by the College Employer Council.

Non-Vesting Sick Leave

The College allocates to certain employee groups a specified number of days each year for use as paid absences in the event of illness or injury. These days do not vest and are available immediately. Employees are permitted to accumulate their unused allocation each year, up to the allowable maximum provided in their employment agreements. Accumulated days may be used in future years to the extent that the employees' illness or injury exceeds the current year's allocation of days. Sick days are paid out at the salary in effect at the time of usage. The related benefit liability was determined by an actuarial valuation study commissioned by the College Employer Council.

The assumptions used in the valuation of vesting and non-vesting sick leave are the College's best estimates of expected rates of:

	2019	2018
		_
Wage and salary escalation		
Academic	2.00%	2.00%
Support	1,50%	1.50%
Discount rate	2.60%	2.60%

The probability that the employee will use more sick days than the annual accrual and the excess number of sick days used are within ranges of 0% to 23.7% and 0 to 10.5 days respectively for age groups ranging from 20 and under to 65 and over in bands of 5 years.

March 31, 2019

12. Deferred Capital Contributions

Deferred capital contributions represent the unamortized amount and unspent amount of donations and grants received for the purchase of capital assets. The amortization of capital contributions is recorded as revenue in the statement of operations and is calculated on the same basis as the amortization expense related to the acquired/constructed capital assets. The changes in the deferred capital contributions balances are as follows:

 2019	2018
\$ 61,577,439 \$	42,188,926
14,442,440	22,378,710
(4,999,320)	(2,990,197)
71,020,559	61,577,439
577,653	15,201,523
\$ 70,442,906 \$	46,375,916
 2019	2018
\$ 79,658,453 \$	67,663,638
313.610	313,975
7,106,286	7,766,884
(10,752,662)	(11,511,748)
(71,020,559)	(61,577,439)
\$ 5,305,128 \$	2,655,310
\$	\$ 61,577,439 \$ 14,442,440 (4,999,320) 71,020,559 577,653 \$ 70,442,906 \$ 2019 \$ 79,658,453 \$ 313,610 7,106,286 (10,752,662) (71,020,559)

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2019

14. Net Assets - Internally and Externally Restricted

Internally restricted net assets represents money set aside by College senior management for various strategic initiatives and committed for specific purposes as identified below.

	 2019	2018
Tuition set aside for student assistance	\$ 1,158,282 \$	1,013,455
Scholarships and bursaries	217,937	257,965
Contributions for capital expenditures	208,467	313,183
Donations	211,218	394,209
Applied Research	5,307	5,307
Special Projects	10,590,000	1,000,000
Student Village	200,000	200,000
Parking Lot Development	400,000	50,000
Critical IT Infrastructure Upgrade	1,500,000	1,000,000
Long-term Sustainability	4,400,000	900,000
Sioux Lookout High School Project	1,000,000	•
Employee professional development	93,629	93,629
Environmental Sustainability	140,000	-
	\$ 20,124,840 \$	5,227,748

The Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities requires a certain portion of the additional tuition fee revenue generated by announced fee increases to be set aside for student assistance.

15. Net Assets - Endowments Restricted

Externally restricted net assets include restricted donations received by the College where the endowment principal is required to be maintained intact. The investment income generated from these endowments must be used in accordance with the various purposes established by donors. The College ensures, as part of its fiduciary responsibilities, that all funds received with a restricted purpose are expended for the purpose for which they were provided.

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2019

15. Net Assets - Endowments Restricted (Cont'd)

Externally restricted endowment funds include grants provided by the Government of Ontario from the Ontario Student Opportunity Trust Fund ("OSOTF") Phase I and II, and the Ontario Trust for Student Support ("OTSS") programs and other such restricted contributions that were not matched. Under these government programs, the government matches funds raised by the College. The purpose of the programs is to assist academically qualified individuals who, for financial reasons, would not otherwise be able to attend College. The investment income generated from endowments must be used in accordance with the OSOTF and the OTSS guidelines.

The College has recorded the following amounts under the programs:

OSOTF I

03011 1	 2019	2018
Schedule of changes in Endowment Fund Balance	2 / 75 / 70 . 6	2 /72 /45
Fund balance, beginning of year	\$ 3,675,470 \$	3,673,615
Unrealized gain (unrealized loss) Cash donations received	_	- 1,855
Cash donations received	 	
Fund balance, end of year	3,675,470	3,675,470
Schedule of changes in Expendable Funds Available for Awards		
Fund balance, beginning of year	844,045	806,506
Realized gain	•	-
Unrealized investment gain (loss) net of direct investment-		
related expenses and preservation of capital contributions	269,102	162,489
Bursaries awarded (2019 = 282, 2018 = 286)	(108,680)	(124,950)
Expendable fund balance, end of year	1,004,467	844,045
Total endowment fund balance, end of year	\$ 4,679,937 \$	4,519,515
Market value of fund, end of year	\$ 4,679,937 \$	4,519,515

March 31, 2019

15. Net Assets - Endowments Restricted (Cont'd)				
OSOTF II Second Phase				
		2019		2018
Schedule of changes in Endowment Fund Balance				
Fund balance, beginning of year	\$	252,078	\$	252,078
Eligible cash donations received		-		-
		252,078		252,078
Schedule of changes in Expendable Funds Available for Awards				
Fund balance, beginning of year		138,923		133,846
Realized gain		-		-
Unrealized investment gain (loss) net of direct investment-				
related expenses and preservation of capital contributions		23,281		13,997
Bursaries awarded (2019 = 23, 2018 = 25)		(8,730)		(8,920)
Expendable fund balance, end of year		153,474		138,923
Total endowment fund balance, end of year	\$	405,552	\$	391,001
Market value of fund, end of year	\$	405,552	\$	391,001
OTSS				
Sahadula of channes in Endournment Found Balance		2019		2018
Schedule of changes in Endowment Fund Balance Fund balance, beginning of year	\$	3,304,955	\$	3,276,526
Eligible cash donations received Gift in kind	Ţ	36,301	7	28,429
		3,341,256		3,304,955
Schedule of changes in Expendable Funds Available for Awards				
Fund balance, beginning of year		665,314		606,974
Realized gain		-		-
Unrealized investment gain (loss) net of direct investment-				
related expenses and preservation of capital contributions		236,399		140,850
Bursaries awarded (2019 = 110 2018 = 121)		(92,350)		(82,510)
Expendable fund balance, end of year		809,363		665,314
Total endowment fund balance, end of year	\$	4,150,619	\$	3,970,269
Market value of fund, end of year	\$	4,150,619	\$	3,970,269

March 31, 2019

15. Net Assets - Endowments Restricted (Cont'd)

Reports of OTSS awards issued for the period of April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019:

Status of Recipients	OSAP Number	ecipients Amount	Non-OSAP Number		ecipients Amount	Number		Total mount
Full-time Part-time	68 n/a	\$ 50,610 n/a	42 n/a	\$	41,740 n/a	110 n/a	\$	92,350 n/a
Total	68	\$ 50,610	42	\$	41,740	110	\$	92,350
					2019			2018
Grand total of endowment funds, end of year			\$	9	,236,108	\$	8,	880,785

16. Commitments

The College has leased realty for the Aviation Centre of Excellence at an annual rental of approximately \$85,323, with annual increases of 2.5%, and an expiry date of 2053.

17. Contingencies

In the normal course of operations, the College is involved in a number of grievances and disputes. As of the date of this financial statement preparation, the likelihood and impact of these matters on the College's financial statements is unknown. Should any costs be incurred as a result of these matters, they will be expensed in the year of settlement.

During the upcoming year, the College plans to demolish the Fitness Centre (Neebing Building) that is no longer in use. At this time, the total amount related to the demolition and potential site remediation is unknown. Management has set aside funds for this purpose.

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2019

18. Statement of Cash Flows

The change in non-cash working capital balances consists of the following:

	2019	2018
Grants receivable	\$ (66,234) \$	296,846
Accounts receivable	(2,161,116)	(397,134)
Inventory	(98,266)	(144,024)
Prepaid expenses	(148,162)	165,260
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,269,016	4,412,796
Vacation pay	258,089	95,475
Deferred revenue	(4,699,972)	6,474,016
	\$ (3,646,645) \$	10,903,235

19. Capital Disclosures

The College considers its capital to be the balance retained in net assets, which is generally the difference between its assets and liabilities as reported on the statement of financial position and includes unrestricted net assets, internally restricted net assets, investment in capital assets and restricted endowment net assets. The College receives funding from the provincial government for the delivery of its programs. These funds are maintained and disbursed under the terms of the funding agreements and management is responsible for adhering to the provisions of these agreements.

The College's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide delivery of its programs to the public. Colleges are required, under the current Ministry guidelines, to balance their budgets each year through a combination of managing expenses and utilizing reserves. Any in-year deficit not covered by reserves (accumulated deficits) must be recovered within two successive years under the Ministry's deficit recovery procedures.

Management maintains its capital by ensuring that annual operating and capital budgets are developed and approved by the Board of Governors based on both known and estimated sources of funding and financing available each year. These budgets are shared with all management to ensure that the capital of the College is maintained and are also published on the College's website or distributed to the public in hard copy upon request.

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2019

20. Financial Instrument Risk Management

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the College if a debtor fails to make payments of interest and principal when due. The College is exposed to this risk relating to its cash, debt holdings in its investment portfolio, notes and long-term receivable and accounts receivable. The College holds its cash accounts with federally regulated chartered banks who are insured by the Canadian Deposit Insurance Corporation. In the event of default, the College's cash accounts are insured up \$300,000 (2018 - \$300,000).

The College's investment policy operates within the constraints of the investment guidelines issued by the MTCU and puts limits on the bond portfolio including portfolio composition limits, issuer type limits, bond quality limits, aggregate issuer limits, corporate sector limits and general guidelines for geographic exposure. All fixed income portfolios are measured for performance on a quarterly basis and monitored by management on a monthly basis. The guidelines permit the College's funds to be invested in bonds issued by the Government of Canada, a Canadian province or a Canadian municipality having a rating of A or better, or corporate investments having a rating of A (R-1) or better.

The maximum exposure to investment credit risk is outlined in Note 2.

Accounts receivable are ultimately due from students, sponsors or corporate agencies. Credit risk is mitigated by financial approval processes before a student is enrolled and the highly diversified nature of the student population, and other internal controls built into the registration process.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of market factors. Market factors include three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk, and equity risk.

The College's investment policy operates within the constraints of the investment guidelines issued by the MAESD. The policy's application is monitored by management, the investment managers and the Board of Governors. Diversification techniques are utilized to minimize risk. The Policy limits the investment in any one corporate issuer to a maximum of 10% of the College's total fixed income bonds.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2019

20. Financial Instrument Risk Management (Cont'd)

Currency risk

Currency risk relates to the College operating in different currencies and converting non-Canadian earnings at different points in time at different foreign College levels when adverse changes in foreign currency College rates occur.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the potential for financial loss caused by fluctuations in fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments because of changes in market interest rates.

The College is exposed to this risk through its interest bearing investments (see note 5) and long-term debt (see note 10).

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk

Equity risk

Equity risk is the uncertainty associated with the valuation of assets arising from changes in equity markets. The College is exposed to this risk through its equity holdings within its investment portfolio. At March 31, 2019, a 10% movement in the stock markets with all other variables held constant would have an estimated effect on the fair values of the College's equities of \$150,000. Equities represent approximately 58% of the fair value of the College's endowed investments, which is held for long-term investment gains, which mitigates the impact to market fluctuations on the value of the equities.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2019

21. Financial instrument Risk Management (Cont'd)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the College will not be able to meet all cash outflow obligations as they come due. The College mitigates this risk by monitoring cash activities and expected outflows through extensive budgeting.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.